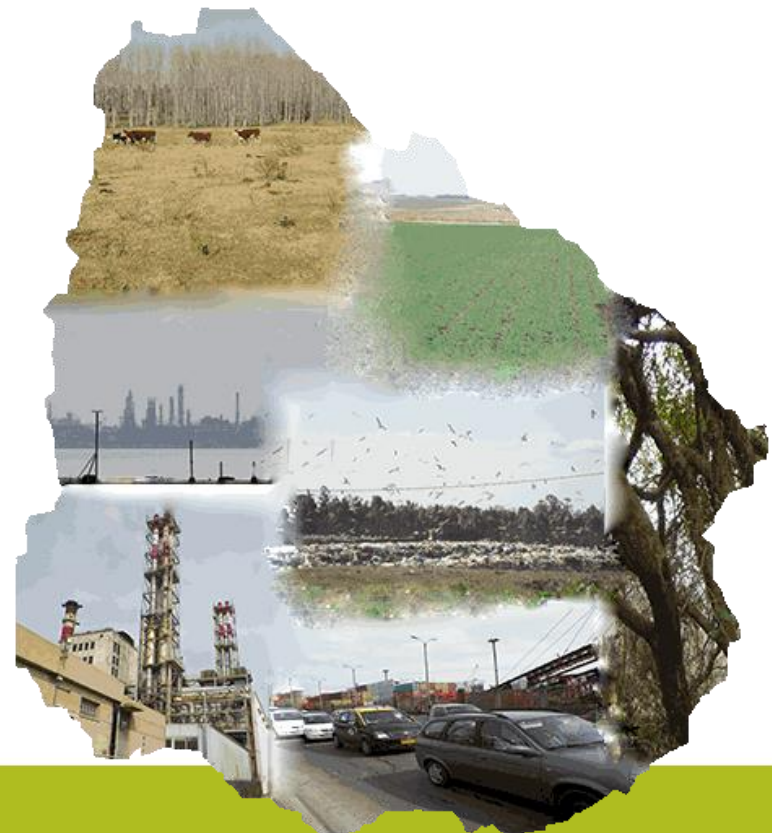




**MVOTMA**

Ministerio de Vivienda  
Ordenamiento Territorial  
y Medio Ambiente



# URUGUAY

## Capacity Building Initiative in Transparency

Copenhagen, April 19 2017

# Main aspects to share with you:

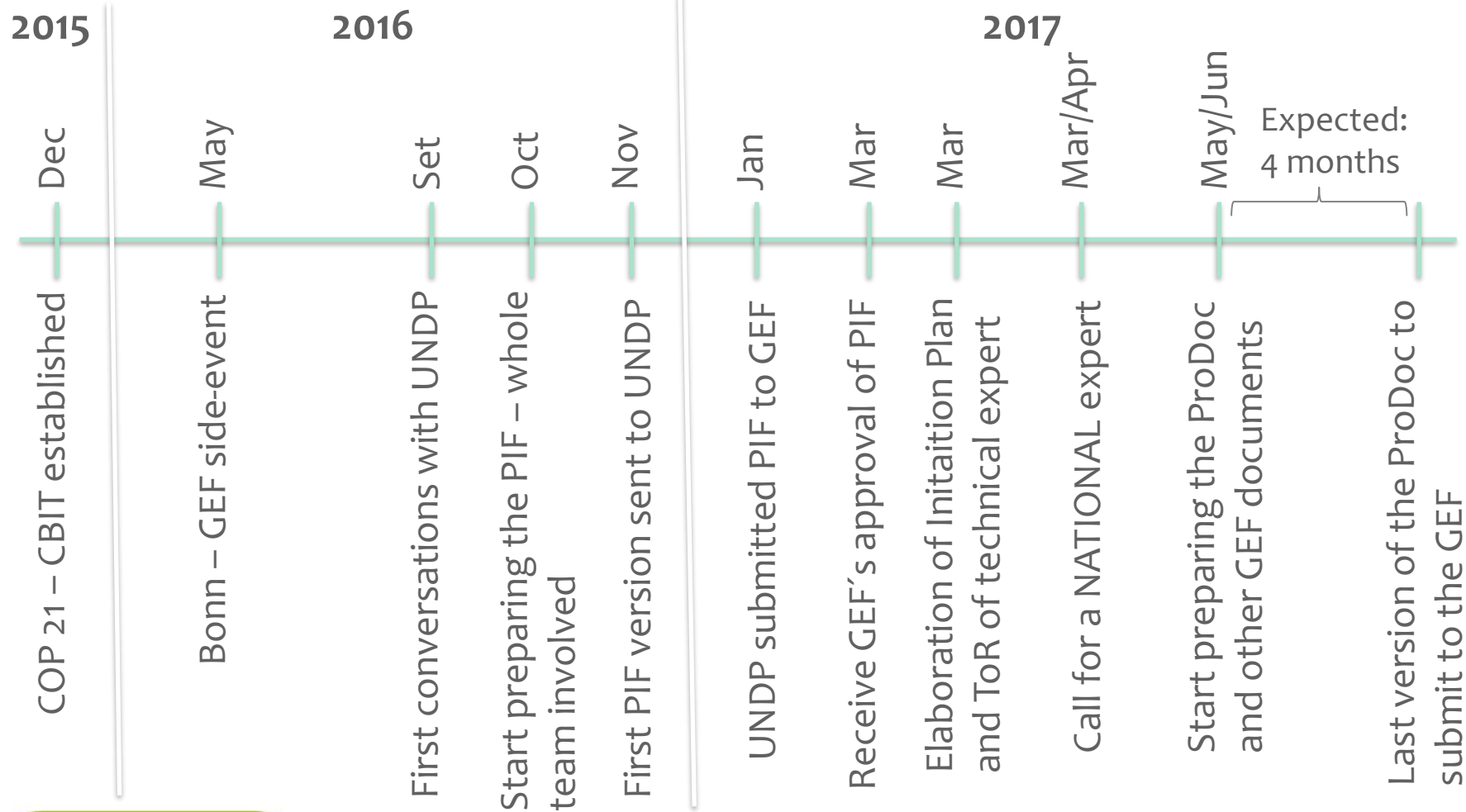
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1. Transparency - **high priority issue** for Uruguayan Government and its National Policy on Climate Change - reason to apply to this Initiative.
2. Since the ratification of the Paris Agreement, Uruguay is committed to meet the new reporting requirements derived from its Art. 13 – needs to **build/enhance national capacities** to this aim.
3. Uruguay is **highly committed to mitigation, as well as to adaptation**. Climate change adaptation constitutes a national priority. Therefore, adaptation was included in this project (effectiveness of actions, policies and how to communicate them).
4. **Basis for the elaboration of the PIF** that was approved by the GEF:
  - Programming Directions (GEF, 2016).
  - Recommendations of the technical analysis of the FBUR (TTE, UNFCCC, 2016).
  - Recommendations of the third party review of the last 2 NGHGI (2010 and 2012).
  - Analysis of needs and gaps to enhance transparency from the vast experience that the country already has in reporting to the UNFCCC (4 NCs, 1 BUR and 2 BUR in elaboration, 1990-2012 series of National GHG Inventories).

# Main aspects to share with you:

## CBIT PROCESS IN URUGUAY

## NEXT STEPS



# Main aspects to share with you:

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## Expected results of this Project:

- **Establish an efficient and articulated institutional framework for transparency in line with national priorities:** Transparency National Task Force; capacity-building needs and gaps assessment of the institutional environment for transparency; capacity building program; knowledge sharing information system integrated into policy and decision making.
- **Facilitate and collaborate in the implementation of the NDC.**
- **Build awareness at a social level and enhance it at a political level** (decision making).
- **Develop tools, protocols, training and assistance for meeting the provisions stipulated in Art. 13:** domestic MRV system (adaptation, technology transfer, financing, capacity building and mitigation); improvement of National GHG Inventory; training and peer exchange programs (i.e. Latinamerican Network on GHG Inventories – could it be a CBIT regional project?).

## Lessons learned:

- Take into account national priorities and circumstances, crucial to get political support.
- Build on the basis of what already exists in your countries and the experience you have.
- Involve national experts since the early stages of the process (national and expert knowledge) in order to start building national capacities since the very first beginning.
- Identify and take advantage of synergies with other initiatives in place.

# Main aspects to share with you:

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## Challenges:

- **No rulebook** for the Paris Agreement yet (modalities, procedures and guidelines).
- **Domestic MRV** – how to integrate different systems already in place in Uruguay into a coherent and overall tracking and evaluating system.
- How to **integrante and assure consistency** among the different reporting requirements and with other synergic activites/projects?
- **Involvement and commitment** of key actors of the society.
- **Assessment and communication** of adpatation.
- **Gender-sensitive approach** – opportunity and challenge at the same time.

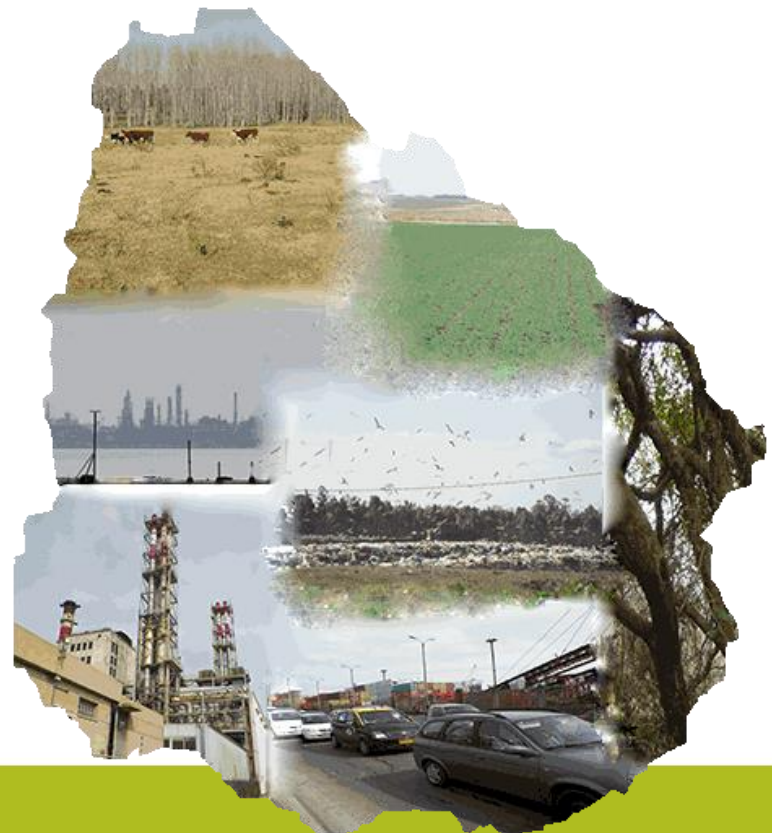
## UNDP Support:

- Uruguay is extremelly grateful to UNDP / GSP (Damiano and his team in Istambul) and UNDP Uruguay (Magdalena Preve) for the significant support received by them since the early stages and throughout this whole process.



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**THANK YOU**

Climate Change Division – Ministry of Housing, Land Planning and Environment  
**URUGUAY**

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