

INITIATIVE FOR
**Climate Action
Transparency**

CBIT Coordination Meeting – April 24, 2018



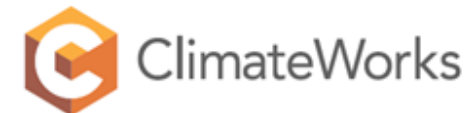
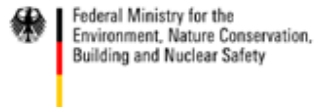
Source: Penn State

Multi-stakeholder initiative

ICAT started activities in 2016 to support improved transparency and capacity building under the Paris Agreement.

- ❖ **Governmental donors**
- ❖ **Non-governmental donors**

DONORS



- ❖ **Managed by UNOPS**

- ❖ **International implementation partners**

GRANT MANAGEMENT



IMPLEMENTATION PARTNERS



ICAT Mission

ICAT aims to help countries better assess the impacts of their climate policies and actions and meet their transparency provisions

By increasing the overall **transparency capacity** of countries, and by providing **methodological guidance**

ICAT's vision is to become an integrated component supporting delivery of Article 13 of the Paris Agreement.

ICAT main outcomes

- ✓ **Guidance documents:** Tools for policymakers and stakeholders to assess the impact of policies and actions.
- ✓ **Capacity building:** Starting with ~20 countries using ICAT's tool box to improve national MRV systems.

 Energy Sector	 Transport Sector	 Agriculture Sector	 Forestry Sector	 Non-State Action
 Finance	 Transformational Change	 Sustainable Development	 Stakeholder Participation	 Verification



ICAT Results - Capacity Building



Guidance developed in collaboration with technical and country experts.



Guidance helps countries assess impacts of policies and actions.



ICAT supports countries to implement guidance, balance various transparency initiatives, and coordinate with each other.

ICAT Countries

20 participating countries, plus one institution:

- ✓ **Africa:** Ghana, Kenya, Morocco, Mozambique, Rwanda, Senegal, Tanzania
- ✓ **Asia:** Cambodia, Indonesia, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, TERI study in India
- ✓ **Latin America and Caribbean:** Brazil, Costa Rica, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Mexico, Peru, Trinidad and Tobago

ICAT focuses on countries which can highlight the benefits of increased transparency and demonstrate policy impact and evidence-based action.

Country engagement status

- ❑ **14 countries with signed Project Cooperation Agreements** (Ghana, Tanzania, Sri Lanka, Cambodia, Mozambique, India, Costa Rica, Kenya, Senegal, Rwanda, Dominican Republic, Morocco, Brazil, Trinidad and Tobago).
- ❑ **7 countries in the process to signed the PCA** (Mexico, Colombia, Peru, Thailand, Philippines, Ecuador and Indonesia).

Country driven process based on needs assessments conducted by the initiative team with local country parts.

Priorities identified to increase MRV capacity

- ❖ **Governance**: institutional arrangements set-up
- ❖ **data collection** and management processes
- ❖ Design and implementation of **information systems**

	Governance	Data Generation and Management	Information Systems
M easurement	✓	✓	✓
R eporting	✓	✓	✓
V erification/ Technical Review / E valuation	✓	✓	✓

ICAT Results – Methodological tools



-- Introductory Guide --

Impact Assessment Guidance

Greenhouse gas impacts:



Renewable Energy



Buildings Efficiency



Transport Pricing



Agriculture



Forest



Sustainable Development



Transformational Change

Supporting Guidance



Stakeholder Participation



Technical Review



Non-State and Subnational Action

Guidance process and preliminary results

- ✓ First version of guidance documents (2017)
- ✓ Public consultation (2017)
- ❑ Second version (May 2018)
- **Countries are using selected ICAT guidance** (ongoing)
- ❑ Sharing knowledge - UNFCCC, CBIT platforms (2018)
- ❑ Countries case studies / lessons learnt (2018-2019)
- ❑ Third version of ICAT guidance (2019)

www.climateactiontransparency.org

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